

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C 20463

Elizabeth Kingsley, Esq. Harmon, Curran, Spielberg & Eisenberg, LLP 1726 M Street, NW, Suite 600 Washington, DC 20463

MAY 1 8 2010

RE:

MUR 6290 Project Vote

Dear Ms. Kingsley:

On August 18, 2009, the Federal Election Commission (the "Commission") notified you of the receipt of your submission pertaining to a possible violation by your client, Project Vote, of certain sections of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act").

After reviewing your initial submission, as well as supplements to that submission, the Commission, on April 27, 2010, found reason to believe that Project Vote violated 2 U.S.C. § 438(a)(4), a provision of the Act, and 11 C.F.R. § 104.15(a) of the Commission's regulations. Enclosed is the Factual and Legal Analysis that sets forth the basis for the Commission's determination.

Please note that you have a legal obligation to preserve all documents, records and materials relating to this matter until such time as you are notified that the Commission has closed its file in this matter. See 18 U.S.C. § 1519.

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In the meantime, this matter will remain confidential in accordance with 2 U.S.C. §§ 437g(a)(4)(B) and 437g(a)(12)(A) unless you notify the Commission in writing that you wish the matter to be made public. We look forward to your response.

On behalf of the Commission,

Matthew S. Petersen

Chairman

Enclosures
Factual and Legal Analysis
Conciliation Agreement

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

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RESPONDENT:

Project Vote

MUR: 6290

I. GENERATION OF MATTER

This matter was generated by a sua sponte submission filed with the Federal Election

Commission by Project Vote and Karyn Gillette.

II. FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

A. Factual Background

Project Vote is a non-profit 501(c)(3) corporation that organizes and implements national voter registration and get-out-the-vote programs. According to its mission statement, the organization "works to empower and mobilize low-income, minority, young, and other marginalized and under-represented voters." Its website advertises three core programs focusing on traditional voter registration drives, election administration policy, and voter registration for clients of public assistance programs. Project Vote has not registered as a political committee with the Commission.

According to the sua sponts submission, in fall or winter of 2007, Project Vote's former Development Director, Karyn Gillette, downloaded the names and addresses of individuals who contributed to then-presidential candidate Barack Obama from his campaign's most recent report, published on the Commission's website. Gillette Affidavit ¶ 3. In May 2008, she used a subset of this list of names and addresses in a Project Vote direct mail solicitation. Gillette Affidavit ¶ 4 and Jacquot-Devries December 10, 2009 Affidavit ¶ 3. Ms. Gillette originally estimated that Project Vote solicited approximately 1,000 individuals from this list. Id.

¹ Available on the Project Vote website: http://www.projectvote.org/our-mission.html (last visited December 3, 2009).

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- 1 However, Project Vote later submitted a list of 7,853 names and addresses that were included in
- 2 the direct mail solicitation, all of which were copied from the Obama committee's disclosure
- 3 report. Jacquot-Devries January 8, 2010 Affidavit ¶ 6 and Exhibit 1; Telephone Conversation
- 4 with Elizabeth Kingsley, Counsel to Project Vote (January 6, 2010). The solicitation consisted
- 5 of one piece of mail per individual. *Id*.

Project Vote received \$4,415 in donations from those individuals whose names and addresses were downloaded from the Commission's website. Jacquot-Devries January 8, 2010 Affidavit ¶ 9. In the *sua sponte* submission, Ms. Gillette estimated that the organization received less than \$5,000 from those individuals who had been improperly solicited, although she did not formally track the donations. Gillette Affidavit ¶ 4 and Telephone Conversation with Elizabeth Kingsley (November 5, 2009). To support this \$5,000 estimate, Project Vote attempted to reconstruct a record of the improperly-solicited donations. Project Vote compared its list of new donors in 2008 to the disclosure report from which it took the names and addresses, and it submitted a list indicating that Project Vote received \$3,485 from 21 improperly-solicited individuals. Jacquot-Devries Affidavit ¶ 5, 8 and Exhibit B. However, it was not clear that this survey included funds received from all improperly solicited donors.

In response to these concerns, Project Vote contacted its direct mail vendor to obtain the original list of names and addresses included in the solicitation. Jacquot-Devries January 8, 2010 Affidavit ¶ 6. The vendor provided Project Vote with the original list, consisting of 7,853 names and addresses. Id at ¶ 6 and Exhibit 1. As all of the names on the list were taken from the Obama committee disclosure report, Project Vote cross-referenced this list with its list of donors from May 1, 2008 through the end of the year, and identified 39 common donors who gave a

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- total of \$4,415 in 2008. Id at ¶ 8, 9, and Exhibit 2; Telephone Conversation with Elizabeth
- 2 Kingsley (January 6, 2010).
- 3 Ms. Gillette states that she was not aware of the prohibition on this use of Commission
- 4 data at the time of her actions, and that when she learned of the prohibition, she disclosed her
- 5 actions to Project Vote's Executive Director, Michael Slater, in July or August of 2008. Gillette
- 6 Affidavit ¶ 5; Slater Affidavit ¶ 2. Mr. Slater conferred with Project Vote's legal counsel and
- 7 learned that Ms. Gillette's actions constituted a violation of the Federal Election Campaign Act
- 8 of 1971, as amended ("the Act"). Slater Affidavit ¶ 3. At that time, he instructed Ms. Gillette
- 9 that she should not use Commission data in solicitations and should ensure that her department
- 10 complied with this instruction as well. Slater Affidavit ¶ 4. Ms. Gillette states that the
- solicitations in May 2008 appeared to be the only instance of Project Vote using Commission
- 12 data for solicitation purposes. Gillette Affidavit ¶ 6.
- 13 Ms. Gillette left her position at Project Vote on April 15, 2009. Slater Affidavit ¶ 5. A
- 14 few weeks later approximately ten months after learning of the violation Project Vote
- 15 reported the violation in this sua sponte submission. When asked to explain why it delayed in
- 16 reporting the violation, Project Vote stated that other more urgent matters required its attention
- 17 until recently, when a former Project Vote employee made public accusations that the Obama
- 18 campaign improperly coordinated with Project Vote during the 2008 election cycle, in part by
- 19 giving the organization its donor list. Telephone Conversation with Elizabeth Kingsley
- 20 (November 5, 2009). These allegations prompted Project Vote to address its limited
- 21 unauthorized use of the Obama Committee's donor list by filing this sua sponte submission. Id.

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B. Legal Analysis

2 Under the Act, any information copied from reports filed with the Commission may not 3 be sold or used by any person for the purpose of soliciting contributions or for commercial 4 purposes, other than using the name and address of any political committee to solicit 5 contributions from such committee. 2 U.S.C. § 438(a)(4). Commission regulations provide that 6 the phrase "soliciting contributions" includes soliciting any type of contribution or donation, 7 such as political or charitable contributions. 11 C.F.R. § 104.15(a), (b). The statute is violated 8 by use of Commission data that could subject the "public-spirited" citizens who contribute to 9 political campaigns to "all kinds of solicitations." See General Counsel's Report #3, MUR 5155 10 (Friends for a Democratic White House) (quoting Federal Election Comm'n v. Political 11 Contributions Data, Inc., 943 F.2d 190, 197 (2d Cir. 1991)). 12 Based on the information provided in its submission, it appears that Project Vote has 13 violated 2 U.S.C. § 438(a)(4) and 11 C.F.R. § 104.15(a). Project Vote's then-Development Director copied names and addresses from reports filed with the Commission for the purpose of 14 15 soliciting donations to Project Vote. The solicitation of donations for a non-profit 501(e)(3) 16 organization falls within the scope of "soliciting contributions," as defined in 17 11 C.F.R. § 104.15(b), and within the statement from FEC v. Political Contributions Data and relied on by the Commission in MUR 5155. Ms. Gillette included these names and addresses in 18 a direct mail solicitation in May 2008, and they yielded a return of \$4,415. Therefore, the 19 Commission opens a MUR and finds reason to believe that Project Vote violated 20 21 2 U.S.C. § 438(a)(4) and 11 C.F.R. § 104.15(a).